Unit 2 Problem Set

Learning Objective: Describe the properties of protons, neutrons, electrons, atoms, ions and isotopes

Read more about this topic: Section 2.3

- **1.** For each of the following isotopes, identify the number or protons, neutrons and electrons. Identify the mass number and the atomic number for each isotope.
 - a. Neon-22
 - b. Sulfur-33
- **2.** For each of the following isotopes, identify the number or protons, neutrons and electrons. Identify the mass number and the atomic number for each isotope.
 - a. Tungsten-182
 - b. Gadolinium-152
- **3.** For each of the following isotopes, identify the number or protons, neutrons and electrons. Identify the mass number and the atomic number for each isotope.
 - a. $^{98}_{46}X$
 - b. $^{110}_{53}X$
- **4.** For each of the following isotopes, identify the number or protons, neutrons and electrons. Identify the mass number and the atomic number for each isotope.
 - a. $^{115}_{55}X^{2+}$
 - b. ${}^{76}_{35}X^{2-}$
- 5. What is the average atomic mass in amu for the following element Z

Isotope	Mass (amu)	Percent Abundance
³² Z	31.964	75.463
³³ Z	32.988	18.108
³⁴ Z	33.911	6.429

6. What is the mass of isotope ${}^{64}X$ if the average atomic mass of element X is 60.136 amu?

Isotope	Mass (amu)	Percent Abundance
⁵⁸ X	58.073	38.032
⁶⁰ X	60.008	36.890
⁶⁴ X	????	25.078

Watch a video of a similar topic

- 7. An element with two stable isotopes ⁷⁸X, 78.009 amu and ⁸¹X, 81.200 amu has an average atomic mass of 79.307 amu. What is the percent abundance of ⁷⁸X?
 <u>Watch a video of a similar problem</u>
- 8. Identify which two are isotopes in each group

a.	$^{28}_{14}X$	$^{30}_{14}Z$	$^{30}_{16}Y$
b.	$^{40}_{19}X$	$^{40}_{18}Z$	$^{41}_{19}Y$

Learning Objective: Write formulas and names for elements, cations and anions, oxoacids; and ionic and covalent compounds

Read more about this topic: Section 2.6; Section 1.7; Section 1.4

- 9. Identify the most likely ion for each of the following elements
 - a. Sr
 - b. Li

10. Identify the most likely ion for each of the following elements

- a. O
- b. S

11. Question Group

- a. A compound is formed between a nonmetal in Group 16 (Y) and a metal in Group 2 (X). What is the most likely formula for this compound?
- b. A compound is formed between a nonmetal in Group 15 (Y) and a metal in Group 2 (X). What is the most likely formula for this compound?

- 12. Give the formula for each of the following compounds
 - a. Potassium Sulfite
 - b. Calcium Nitrite
- 13. Give the formula for each of the following compounds
 - a. Chromium (II) Oxide
 - b. Scandium (III) Oxide
- 14. Give the formula for each of the following compounds
 - a. Carbon Tetrabromide
 - b. Sulfur Trioxide
- 15. Choose the correct name for NO_2
 - a. Nitrogen Oxide
 - b. Nitrogen Dioxide
 - c. Nitrogen (II) Oxide
 - d. Nitrogen (IV) Oxide
- **16.** Choose the correct name for RbClO₄
 - a. Rubidium Perchlorate
 - b. Rubidium (I) Perchlorate
 - c. Rubidium Chlorine Oxide
 - d. Rubidium Chloroxide

17. Choose all of the following substances that are compounds:

- a. O₂
- b. CH₄
- c. BaClO₃
- d. Mg

18. Choose all of the following substances that are elements:

- a. Al
- b. P4
- c. H₂O
- d. CaCl₂

Learning Objective: Distinguish elements from compounds, pure substances from mixtures, homogeneous from heterogeneous mixtures (solutions), and physical from chemical properties

19. Identify whether each of the following are a chemical or a physical change

- a. The copper in the statue of liberty oxidizes to copper oxide and other minerals
- b. After a heavy rain, the puddles of water will evaporate
- c. Cookie dough placed into a hot oven bakes
- d. Gasoline is burned in a car engine

20. Correctly identify each of the following as either a compound, mixture, or element

